

General Project Management Policy

A. GENERAL

General Project Management Policy (GPMP) of Aim Texas is a set of guidelines and principles that govern the management of projects. It provides a framework for planning, executing, and controlling projects to achieve their objectives efficiently and effectively.

The art of planning for the future has always been a human trait. In essence a Project can be captured on paper with few simple elements; a start date, an end date, tasks that have to be carried out when they should be finished, and some idea of the resources (people, equipment, etc.) that will be needed during the course of the projects.

A Project management is not only about planning, but also about human attributes like leadership and motivation. Organizations want their projects to be on time, meet quality objectives, and not cost more than the budget. These form the classic **time, quality, cost** triangle.



Project Management is concerned with the overall planning and co-ordination of a Project from inception to completion aimed at meeting to client's requirements and ensuring completion on time, within cost to required quality standards.



In Project Management, Communicating is everything. To monitor progress, to receive early warning of danger, to promote cooperation, to motivate through team involvement, all these rely upon communication.

Our Question is not only 'How long will it take?' But also; 'How long will the testing take?' By asking both questions together we raise the issue of 'How do we know we have done it right?' Aim Texas established this philosophy for its teams by including testing as a justified (required) cost.

B. PROJECT MANAGEMENT PROCESSES

In fact, Project Management is the application of knowledge, skills, tools and techniques to a broad range of activities in order to meet the requirements of the particular Project. Project Management knowledge and practices are best described in terms of their component processes. These Processes are placed into 11 process groups.

- *Project initiation and Planning*
- *Project Team and Roles*
- *Risk Management*
- *Communication and Reporting*
- *Change Management*
- *Quality Management*
- *Resource Management*
- *Budget and Cost Control*
- *Documentation and Archiving*
- *Closure and Evaluation*
- *Compliance and Governance*

1. Project Initiation and Planning

- Clearly define the purpose, objectives, scope, and deliverables of each project communicating to the project's scope and objectives.
- Identify project stakeholders and establish communication channels in consultation with the Client's project management unit (PMU).
- Allocate necessary resources, including budget, personnel, and equipment.
- Develop a project schedule, milestones, and timelines.

2. Project Team and Roles

- Designate a project manager responsible for overall project coordination and success in accordance with Terms of Reference (TOR) of the project.



- Assign roles and responsibilities to team members, clarifying their duties, level of efforts and reporting lines.
- Encourage collaboration and teamwork among project members.

3. Risk Management

- Identify potential risks and uncertainties that may impact the project's success.
- Develop risk mitigation strategies and contingency plans to address potential issues.
- Regularly assess and monitor risks throughout the project lifecycle.

4. Communication and Reporting

- Establish a communication plan to ensure effective information sharing among team members and stakeholders, arranging particular electronic channels for effectively communicating the team members such as google drive, One Drive, etc.
- Define reporting requirements, including progress reports, status updates, and milestone achievements.
- Facilitate regular project meetings, workshops and reviews.

5. Change Management

- Develop a process to manage project changes, including scope changes and deviations from the original plan.
- Implement change control procedures to evaluate the impact of proposed changes before implementation.

6. Quality Management:

- Set quality standards and guidelines in accordance with National and International standards and best practices and guides/regulations to ensure the deliverables meet the required level of quality.
- Implement quality assurance and quality control measures throughout the project.

7. Resource Management

- Efficiently allocate resources to meet project requirements.



- Monitor resource utilization and make adjustments as needed to maintain productivity.

8. Budget and Cost Control

- Create a detailed project budget, considering all relevant costs.
- Monitor project expenses and implement cost control measures to stay within the approved budget.

9. Documentation and Archiving

- Maintain comprehensive project documentation, including plans, reports, key decisions and minutes of meetings.
- Archive project documentation for future reference and organizational learning.

10. Closure and Evaluation

- Conduct a formal project closure in collaboration of the Client's PMU or relevant representatives, ensuring all deliverables are completed and objectives are met.
- Perform a project evaluation to review successes, challenges, and lessons learned for future improvements.

11. Compliance and Governance

- Ensure projects adhere to legal, regulatory, and internal governance requirements in accordance with Terms of Reference of the project.
- Align project management practices with organizational policies and standards.

C. PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

In a consultancy work context, performance management is an integral part of project management, with a specific focus on assessing and enhancing the performance of consultants and consulting teams involved in projects.



Our key elements for performance management in consultancy works as part of project management are:

- *Defining Performance Metrics*
- *Project-Specific Goals*
- *Regular Performance Reviews*
- *Client Feedback*
- *Team Collaboration and Communication*
- *Problem-Solving and Decision-Making*
- *Client Relationship Management*
- *Professional Development*
- *Recognition and Rewards*
- *Performance Improvement Plans*
- *Documentation and Feedback*

1. Defining Performance Metrics

- Clear and relevant performance metrics is established that align with project objectives and the consulting firm's goals.
- Metrics may include client satisfaction, project milestones achieved, adherence to timelines and budgets, and the quality of deliverables.



2. Project-Specific Goals

- Project-specific performance goals are set for the consultants recruited for the project, outlining their responsibilities and expected contributions to the project's success.
- Ensure that consultants understand their roles and responsibilities in achieving project objectives.

3. Regular Performance Reviews

- Periodic performance reviews are conducted for consultants to evaluate their progress and contributions to the project.
- Use performance reviews to identify strengths and areas for improvement and offer constructive feedback.

4. Client Feedback

- Feedback/comments are received from clients regarding the performance of Aim Texas consultants and consulting teams.
- Client feedback/comments can provide valuable insights into consultants' effectiveness in meeting client needs and expectations.

5. Team Collaboration and Communication

- Consultants' ability is assessed to collaborate effectively with each other and with the client's team.
- Consultants' communication skills are evaluated in conveying ideas, providing updates, and managing expectations.

6. Problem-Solving and Decision-Making

- Consultants' problem-solving abilities and their capacity are evaluated to make informed and effective decisions.
- Assess how consultants handle challenges and unexpected situations during the project.

7. Client Relationship Management

- Consultants' ability is assessed to build and maintain positive relationships with clients.
- Client satisfaction and address any concerns or issues are promptly monitored.



8. Professional Development

- Ongoing professional development is encouraged for consultants to enhance their skills and knowledge in their respective areas of expertise.
- Provide opportunities for training, workshops, and mentorship.

9. Recognition

- Outstanding performance and achievements of consultants are recognized through formal or informal means.
- Appropriate incentives are offered to motivate and retain high-performing consultants.

10. Performance Improvement Plans

- If a consultant's performance falls short of expectations, implement a Performance Improvement Plan (PIP) to address areas for improvement.
- Progress is monitored and provided additional support and resources during the PIP period.

11. Documentation and Feedback

- Thorough and objective documentation of consultant performance is maintained, including performance reviews, client feedback, and development plans.
- Timely and constructive feedback is provided to help consultants improve their performance.

Performance management in consultancy work within project management aims to optimize Aim Texas consultants' performances, ensure project success, and maintain strong client relationships. It is an ongoing process that supports continuous improvement and professional growth for consultants, contributing to the overall success and reputation of Aim Texas.

Aim Texas Trading, LLC
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